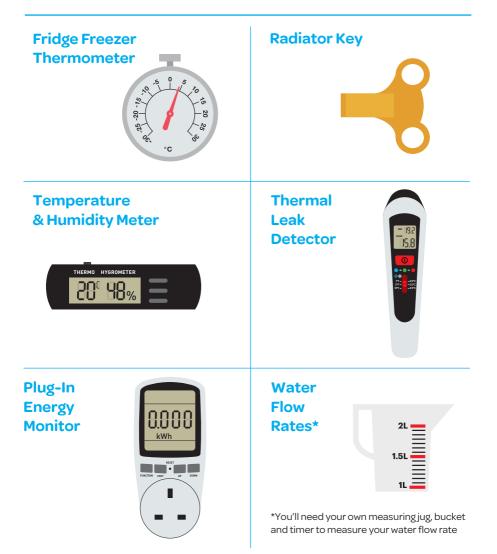




How to use this workbook

This workbook covers each of the five tools in the Home Energy Saving Kit, along with an additional exercise to measure your water flow rate. You can choose to use them all, or focus on one or two, then fill in the tables on each page or work through your own checklist. However you decide to use the kit, we hope it helps you understand how your home uses energy for heating, hot water and appliances.



Fridge Freezer Thermometer

The ideal temperature in your fridge is between 3°C and 5°C, and between -15°C and -18°C in your freezer. If they're not within these ranges at first, you may need to adjust the controls and use the thermometer to check again. For full instructions, see page 04 of the manual



	READING ONE	READING TWO	READING THREE
Fridge 1			
Freezer 1			
Fridge 2			
Freezer 2			

Top Tips - First things to check, upgrade or repair

Check the seals – clean or replace the door seals if needed	Keep your freezer full – use water bottles or other items
Defrost – if you see frost build up, defrost the fridge freezer	Replace and upgrade – older appliances may be less efficient
Kitchen layout – find a cooler, shadier spot for the fridge	Assess – if you have a second fridge, see if you really need it

Radiator Key

Releasing any trapped air from radiators will make them heat your home more efficiently. Be sure to turn off your heating and allow it to cool down fully before using the radiator key.

For full instructions, see page 09 of the manual

ROOM	NUMBER OF RADIATORS	AIR RELEASED \checkmark	VALVE CLOSED \checkmark

Top Tips - First things to check, upgrade or repair

Boiler service – full service and replacement filters every year	Radiator foil – fit behind each rad to bounce heat back indoors
Intake valves – check all are in working order	Curtains – check these aren't diverting heat out the windows
Furniture – move away from radiators to let heat circulate	Check for air – if air is getting trapped regularly, call a plumber

Water Flow Rates

Heating water takes a lot of energy. To see if you're getting the best from your hot water system, one way is to see how quickly that water is used up. The ideal flow rate for showers and taps is around 9 litres per minute.



For full instructions, see page 20 of the manual

	TEN SECOND FLOW	X SIX	FLOW RATE
Shower 1	Litres	x 6 =	Litres/min
Shower 2			
Bathroom 1 Hot Tap			
Bathroom 1 Cold Tap			
Kitchen Hot Tap			
Kitchen Cold Tap			
Bathroom 2 Hot Tap			
Bathroom 2 Cold Tap			

Top Tips - First things to check, upgrade or repair

Г		1
		L
L		J.

Check shower hoses – these can loosen and start to drip

Shower heads – check they're properly attached with no leaks

Dripping taps – fix these right away, especially hot taps

pumps off unless needed
Reduce flow – try fitting flow restrictors to taps and showers
Aerating heads – add air to taps

Aerating heads – add air to taps and showers while reducing flow

Temperature and Humidity Meter

Use the temperature and humidity meter in different parts of each room, at different times, to check if they're too hot or cold, or too dry or damp. Then you can decide if you need to adjust your heating or ventilation - or both. For full instructions, see page 07 of the manual



ROOM	TIME / AREA	TEMPERATURE [°] C	HUMIDITY %
Bathroom 1	before shower		
	after shower		
Bathroom 2	before shower		
	after shower		
Kitchen	before cooking		
	after cooking		
Utility	before laundry		
	while doing laundry		
Living Room	centre of the room		
	windowsill		
	behind shelves		
Bedroom1	centre of the room		
	windowsill		
	wardrobe		
Bedroom 2	centre of the room		
	windowsill		
	wardrobe		
Bedroom 3	centre of the room		
	windowsill		
	wardrobe		

ROOM	TIME / AREA	TEMPERATURE ^O C	HUMIDITY %
Back hall	beside the back door	15.3° ℃	68%
		°C	%

Top Tips – First things to check, upgrade or repair

Wall vents – are they open, clean and unblocked	Maintenance – make sure your boiler, etc. is serviced regularly
Bathroom extractor fans – working, clean, vented to outside	Radiators – are they heating to the top, do the valves open
Kitchen extractor hoods – vented to outside, clean filters	Doors and windows – seals working, any draughts or leaks

Thermal Leak Detector

This compares the temperature of any surface to the first one it's pointed at. In this way, you can find cold spots or draughts, and hot spots where heat might be escaping.

For full instructions, see page 12 of the manual

ROOM	FIRST REFERENCE TEMP	EXTERNAL WALL	INTERNAL WALL	UNDER SKIRTING BOARDS	UNDER WINDOW SILL	AROUND WINDOW FRAME
Kitchen	°C	°C	°C	°C	°C	°C
Living Room	°C	°C	°C	°C	°C	°C
Bedroom1	°C	°C	°C	°C	°C	°C
Bedroom 2	°C	°C	°C	°C	°C	°C
Bedroom 3	°C	°C	°C	°C	°C	°C
Bathroom 1	°C	°C	°C	°C	°C	°C
Bathroom 2	°C	°C	°C	°C	°C	°C
Hall	°C	°C	°C	°C	°C	°C
Stairs	°C	°C	°C	°C	°C	°C
Landing	°C	°C	°C	°C	°C	°C

ROOM	AREA	FIRST REFERENCE TEMPERATURE	TEMPERATURE
Front hall	around front door	18.3°c	16.4°c
		°C	°C

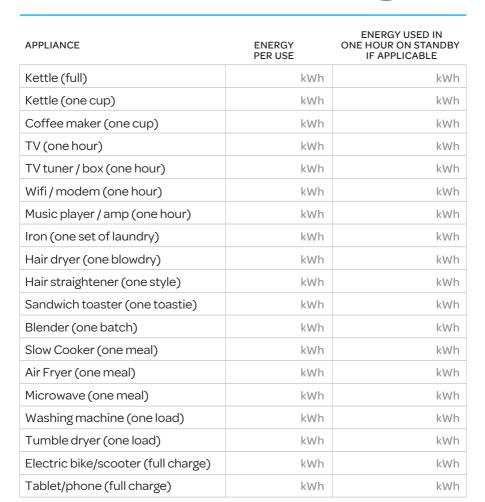
Top Tips — First things to check, upgrade or repair

Windows – seal any draughts around frame and sills	Hot water pipes – add tube insulation
Front & back doors – seal any draughts or gaps	Hot water cylinder – add or upgrade your lagging jacket
Internal doors – add draught excluders or strips	Hot appliances – turn off when not in use

Plug-in Energy Monitor

Use the plug-in energy monitor to measure which electrical appliances are using the most energy in your home, and which might be using up energy in standby mode.





kWh

APPLIANCE	ENERGY PER USE	ELECTRICITY UNIT RATE*	USES PER WEEK	COST PER WEEK		COST PER YEAR
Kettle (full)	0.157 kWh	x € 0.43	× 14	= €0.95	x 52 =	€49.40
	kWh	×€	×	= €	x 52 =	€
	kWh	×€	×	= €	x 52 =	€
	kWh	×€	×	= €	x 52 =	€
	kWh	×€	×	= €	x 52 =	€
	kWh	×€	×	= €	x 52 =	€
	kWh	×€	×	= €	x 52 =	€
	kWh	×€	×	= €	x 52 =	€
	kWh	×€	×	= €	x 52 =	€
	kWh	×€	×	= €	x 52 =	€
	kWh	×€	×	= €	x 52 =	€
	kWh	×€	×	= €	x 52 =	€
	kWh	×€	×	= €	x 52 =	€
	kWh	×€	×	= €	x 52 =	€
	kWh	×€	×	= €	x 52 =	€
	kWh	×€	×	= €	x 52 =	€
	kWh	×€	×	= €	x 52 =	€
	kWh	×€	×	= €	x 52 =	€
	kWh	×€	×	=€	x 52 =	€

Top Tips – First things to check, upgrade or repair

Standby – start turning unused appliances off completely	Coffee machines – turn off once you've made your coffee
Cooking – preheat and cook quickly, then turn off	TV tuners & Wifi – turn off at night and when not being used
Kettle – only boil as much as you need each time	Hot appliances – preheat for the minimum time only, then turn off

Next Steps

Once you've used the Home Energy Saving Kit, there are lots of ways you can start saving energy – whether you own, rent or share your home.

Check out our 100 Energy Saving Tips

We've collected the best tips and tricks from energy experts to help you save energy in the way you run your home and manage your bills. Each Home Energy Saving Kit has a free copy for you to keep, or you can download it at:

codema.ie/energysavingkit

Switch and Save

Switching energy supplier each year can save you money on your energy bills. You can also choose to give your business to suppliers that are investing in renewable energy. Ireland's independent energy and water regulator, the Commission for Regulation of Utilities, has a handy guide to help you find the best supplier for you: *cru.ie/consumer-information/switch-supplier*

SEAI Home Energy Grants

The Sustainable Energy Authority of Ireland (SEAI) offers a range of grants to help cover the costs of energy upgrades. These include attic, roof and wall insulation, heat pumps, heating controls, solar water heating and solar electricity. For more information call 01 808 2004 or visit: *seai.ie/grants/home-energy-grants*

Sustainable Energy Communities

A Sustainable Energy Community (SEC) is a group of people who have come together to improve how energy is used in their community. Energy communities often look at projects in homes, transport and local businesses. Why not join your local SEC – or start your own? For more information visit:

seai.ie/community-energy/sustainable-energy-communities

The Loft, 2–4 Crown Alley, Temple Bar, Dublin 2, D02 TK74, Ireland +353 1707 9818 codema@codema.ie | codema.ie

